Statement about the Course

The purpose of this introductory course is to introduce students to the theoretical and practical fields of public administration. This course is not intended to be just another liberal arts course with only academic appeal. Public administration, disapline, has definite career utility and one objective I have is to show students how theoretical knowledge regarding public administration can help students prepare for careers in public or private management. The course covers such theoretical amaquical subjects as: (1) the evolution of modern bureaucracy; (2) public administration as a practical and academic discipline; (3) organizational theory and behavior; (4) administrative ethics; (5) administrative law; (6) personnel administration; (7) budgeting; (8) communications theory; (9) public unionism; (10) decisiaking theory; and other related subjects.

Many very current Internet articles and other articles sent to you via email will be used in this course to supplement the textbook. The LeW LFOHV ZLOO SURYLGH VWXGHQWV stories on happenings in public administration that will help make PA seem more alive, current, and relevant.

Course Outline

- I. Introducing The Field of Public Administration
 - A. Introductory Comments
 - B. Introducing PA: Definitions and Concepts
 - C. Is PA a Distinct Field?
 - D. Private V. Public Administration
 - E. The Purpose Of Government/PA/Regulation
 - F. Conceptual Approaches To PA
 - G. Conclusion: Give PA a Break!
- II. The Growth Of PA as an Academic and Practical Field
 - A. The Rise Of The Administrative State
 - B. Reasons For The Growth
 - C. Its Position In American Society Today
 - D. A Note On State And Local PA
 - E. Conclusions
- III. Intergovernmental Relations In America
 - A. The Administrative State In The American Federal System
 - B. Why Federalism?
 - C. Centralization v. Decentralization
 - D. Conceptualizing On Federalism
 - E. Intergovernmental Relations
 - F. Conclusions

- IV. PA Organizational Structure And Process
 - A. Organizational Theory
 - B. Organization Behavior
 - C. Managing People And Things
 - D. Approaches To Understanding PubBioreaucracy
 - E. Conclusions
- V. Public Personnel Administration And Collective Bargaining
 - A. Historical Developments
 - B. Civil Service System
 - C. Approaches To Understanding Public Personnel Administration
 - D. Collective Bargaining
 - E. Conclusions
- VI. Public Budgeting And Finance
 - A. Understanding Budgeting
 - B. The Budgetary Process
 - C. Budget Theories
 - D. Conclusions
- VII. Decision Making
 - A. Traditional Decision Making Theories
 - B. Theories And Approaches To Understanding Budgeting
 - C. Evaluating Decision Making Theories
 - D. Sticking WiWK ³6DWLVILFLQJ′
 - E. Conclusions
- VIII. Public Policy Analysis and Implementation Evaluation
 - A. Concerns About Policy Analysis
 - B. Approaches To Analyzing Public Policies
 - C. Perspectives On Policy Implementation
 - D. Using Analysis And Evaluation
 - E. Conclusions
- IX. Administrative Law: Regulatory Admininistraion
 - A. What Is Administrative Law?
 - B. Areas Of Administrative Law
 - C. Regulating In The Public Interest
 - D. Regulation v. Deregulation
 - E. Conclusions
- X. Public Administration and the Public

- A. The Citizens Interact With Public Adminiators
- B. Individuals v. The Administrative State
- C. How the Public Evaluates PA
- D. Conclusions
- XI. Public Administration and Democratic Constitutions
 - A. Why Public Administrators Must Understand Our Constitution
 - B. Administrative Structure and Constitutional Structure
 - C. Constitutional Values and PA
 - D. Conclusions
- XII. Keeping Our Public Administrators Democratically Accountable
 - A. Guarding Our Guardians
 - B. The Difficulty in Doing So
 - C. Perspectives on PA Accountability and Ethics
 - D. Conclusions
- XIII. 3\$ \P V)XWXUH
 - A. Future Challenges
 - B. The TrendToward PA Dominance
 - C. Trying to Preserve Our Freedoms While the Administrative State Continues to Grow
 - D. Conclusions

Required Readings

Public Administration 9th Edition by David H. Rosenbloom

Publisher: Routledge; 9th edition (January 28, 2022)

x ISBN-10 : 1032055553

x ISBN-13: 978-1032055558

Assignedarticles from the Internet and articles sent to you via your email

Grading Policy

Mid-Term	160 points
Book Critique	40 points
Final	160 points
Class Participation	40 points_
TOTAL	400 points

My Contact Information

Office phone number: 31/477-3036 (also try 3035 for departmental secretary)

Home phone number: 34963-0451

Cell phone: 314498-1923 E-mail: warrenkf@slu.edu

Office: McGannon Hall, Room 135

Office Hours: Tuesday/Thursday right before and our-2::85 class

Personal Zoom conference meetings can also becærda

Attendance Policy

Regular, responsible attendance is expected. Classes should be missed only for very legitimate and compelling reasons. More than five unexcused absences will result in grade penalties. Skipping exams is absolutelyrbidden unless a formal written excuse is submitted and accepted.

Academic Honesty Policy

Students are expected to be honest in their academic work. The University reserves the right to penalize any student whose academic conduct at any timets judgment, detrimental to the University. Such conduct shall include cases of plagiarism, collusion, cheating, giving or receiving or offering or soliciting information in examinations, or the use of previously prepared material in examinations or quies. Violations should be reported to me and will be investigated and adjudicated according to the Policy on Academic Honesty of the College of Arts & Sciences. If the charges are found to be true, the student may be liable for academic or disciplinary probation, suspension, o expulsion from the University.

(Seehttp://www.slu.edu.colleges/AS/academichonesty.html

Grading Scale

Α	93-100	B+	87-89	C+	77-79	D	68-70
A-	90-92	В	83-86	С	73-76	F	below 60
		B-	80-82	C-	70-72		

Course Objectives

Basically, I have a twofold objective in teaching this course. Firstly, I want students to learn a lot about the academic and practical field of public adstriction. Secondly, I want students to develop a critical understanding of PA. That means I want students to learn to think in a conceptually scholarly way about various happenings and claims in PA. More specifically, I want students to be able to thinkically about what works and does not work in say, motivating public employees or public budgeting.

Modes of Assessment and Skills/Knowledge Being Assessed

Students will be assessed on their ability to learn and retain course materials, as not be ability to think critically about the subject matter, through a midterm and a final, a position paper, and their class participation. As the semester progresses students should improve in their ability to think critically as they learn more about subject matter and practice their ability to critique the materials in class discussions.

In-Class Activities

In-class activities will consist of standard lectures combined with a lot of class discussions on issues pertaining to publiadministration. Students will be expected to keep up with the reading assignments, especially the assigned current articles from the Internet and other articles so that they can participate meaningfully in class discussions. Participation will cons**0**% tefla VWXGHQW¶VILQDOJUDGHLQWKLVFRXUVH

Ways of Thinking: Social and Behavioral Sciences

This course is part of the Saint Louis University Core, an integrated intellectual experience completed all baccalaureate students, regardless of majam.pcotjege, school or campus. The Core offers all $^{\text{h}} \cdot ^{\text{h}} \cdot ^{\text{s}} \mu \times ^{\text{s}} \times ^{\text{s}} \cdot ^{\text{s}} u \mu V](] \ \% \% \times ^{\text{s}} \times ^{\text{s}} : \cdot \mu] \times \mu \times ^{\text{s}} V \times ^{\text{s}}$

Ways of Thinking: Social and Behavioral Scierises of 19 Core Components. The University Core SLC this component is designed to intentionally advance are listed below:

Student Success Center Syllabus Statement

In recognition that people learn in a variety of ways and that learning is influenced by multiple factors (e.g., prior experience, study skills, learning disability), resources to support student success are available on campus. The Student Success Center assists students with academic and career related services, is located in the Busch Student Center (Suite, 331) and the School of Nursing (Suite, 114). Students can visit www.slu.edu/success to learn more about:

xCourse-level support (e.g., faculty member, departmental resources, etc.) by asking your course instructor.

x University-level support (e.g., tutoring services, university writing services, disability services, academic coaching, career services, and/or facets of curriculum planning).

Title IX Syllabus Statement

Saint Louis University and its faculty are committed to supporting our students and seeking an environment that is free of bias, discrimination, and harassment. If you have encountered any form of sexual misconduct (e.g. sexual assault, sexual harassment, stalking, domestic or dating violence), we encourage you to report this to the University. If you speak with a faculty member about an incident of misconduct, that faculty PHPEHU PXVW QRWLI\ 6/8¶V 7LWOH,; FRRUGLQDWRU \$QQD 36;akratky@slu.edu; 314-977-3886) and share the basic 0.00000912 0 612 792 re W* n BT /F4 12